



NSFS

14–18 June 2010, Helsinki, Finland

Radiation protection - science, safety and security

2010 - HELSINKI

From summaries of topical sessions ... Some « take-home messages » for the nuclear industry...

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An active participation!

- IRPA 2010 was :
 - A very interesting meeting: 850 participants from more than 44 countries
 - with a high standard of scientific contributions on all RP related topics
 - and a comprehensive book available: more than 3000 pages published, thanks to our Finnish colleagues!
- IRPA 2010 was also an appointment for nuclear industry managers to exchange experience and promote operational RP.
 - Special workshop (nuclear industry): 109 participants





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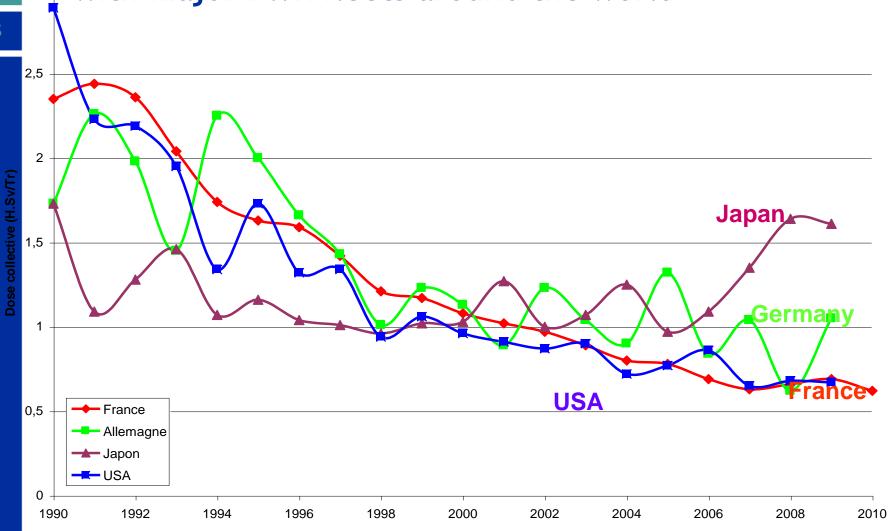
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1- Current fleets in operation



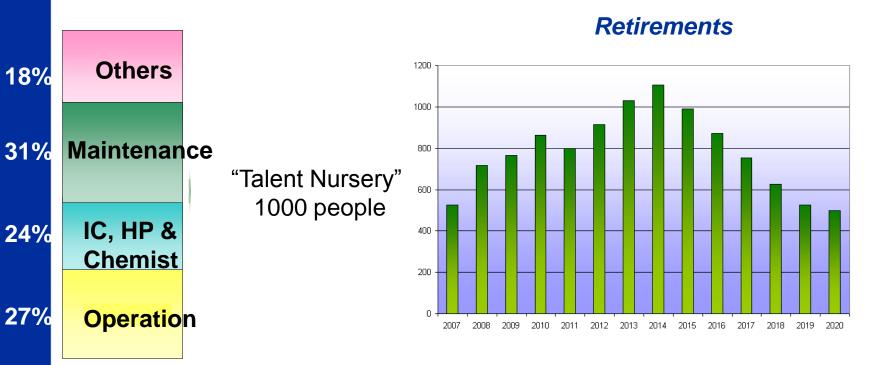






1 - Another challenge: Face the renewal of staff and competences

 Example of EDF NPP internal workforce, 2008: 19000 employees, 40% are being replaced in the next 8 years

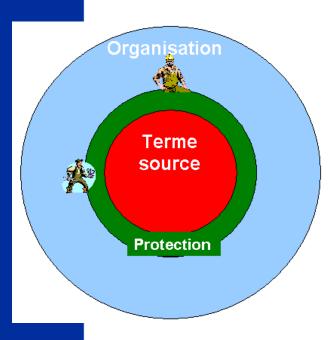


Need to reinforce training in radiation protection and ALARA



S08 Protection of workers: Future challenges

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- A major stake: boost the ALARA approach
 - Achieve a continuous decrease of the collective dose
 - Focus on the most highly exposed workers
- Technical and organisational improvements:
 - Source Term management
 - Optimised shielding
 - RP monitoring station
 - RP and support services in the field
- Three managerial factors:
 - Reinforced work with plants
 - Partnership with contractors
 - Development of a RP culture



OTHER CHALLENGES S08 Protection of workers

- High-dose radiation environments
- Cross-sector benchmarking
- Increasingly significant role of profressionnal networks such as ISOE and the European ALARA network.



- III

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2- NEW BUILD: EPR



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1 - NEW BUILD

RP and EPR

- Three important issues :
 - Technical issue
 - Optimized collective dose as early as the design phase
 - Involvement of the regulator at every stage
- Dose-targets for EPR presented through a joint French-Finnish presentation (P08-01), based on a 15-year partnership

A significant lesson:

RP principles applied at the earliest design phase allow target doses as low as **0,35 man.Sv/year**, representing a gain of 21%.

- Role of
 - Cooperation
 - Benchmarking





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3- DOSIMETRY



DOSIMETRY

- Measurements of FINGER-DOSES
 8 years Polish experience (P08-18)
 (thermoluminescent detectors) dedicated to individual monitoring, from 0,1 mSv to 1 Sv
- Measurements of EYE-DOSES
 See Serbian study on 3240 medical health workers (P08 21)
 - Doses vary from 2,6 to 48 mSv/year





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4- How to deal with an EMERGENCY in the nuclear field?



3 - EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT in the nuclear industry

- Presentation of the IAEA's Incident and Emergency Center.
 Standards and guidance for Strenghtening Member States (S10-06):
 - pratical tools training programs exercises lessons learned from past emergency situations
- The Russian experience in Murmansk (\$10-04): crisis center mobile radiation labs - scientific and technical support exercises and information
 Cf. (P10-04)
- Post-accident management based on an ICRP recommendation as to the limit for annual dose to members of the public living in contaminated areas and problems linked to relocation after an accident



CONCLUSION ON THE HELSKINKI MEETING

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Our main challenge is to maintain and develop high safety culture standards, by increased international co-operation and cross disciplinary work by sharing experience, knowledge and information